PhET Interactive Physics Simulations for IB DP Physics (SL & HL)

Sub-Topics	PhET Simulations
1.2 Uncertainties and Errors	Curve Fitting Polynomials, Error Analysis
	Extra:
	<u>Least-Squares Regression</u>
	Linear Regression, Correlation, Residuals, Outlier, Data
	Graphing Lines
	Graphing Linear Equations, Lines, Slope
	Graphing Quadratics
	Graphing, Parabola, Quadratic Function
	<u>Calculus Grapher</u>
	Derivative, Integral
	Trig tour Trigonometry, Unit Circle, Sines
1.3 Vectors and Scalars	Vector Addition Vectors, Vector Addition
2.1 Motion	The Moving Man Position, Velocity, Acceleration
	Motion in 2D Motion, Velocity, Acceleration
	Projectile motion Range, height, time, initial speed, mass, air resistance, diameter.
	Maze Game Displacement, velocity, acceleration, vectors.

2.2 Forces	Forces and Motion: Basics Net force (sum of forces), mass, speed, applied force, friction force, acceleration (1st and 2nd laws).
	Forces in 1 Dimension 1D motion; graphs: applied force, acceleration, velocity, position; free body diagram, total force, horizontal force, vectors, friction, mass, friction coefficients.
	Forces and Motion 1D motion, FBDs, vectors, friction, gravity, normal, spring, and applied forces, sum of forces, position, friction coefficients, force/time graphs, game "Robot Moving Company".
	Ramp: Forces and Motion Same as Forces and motion above, but includes ramp with adjustable angle.
	<u>Friction</u> Friction, Thermodynamics, Heat
	Extra: Buoyancy Buoyancy, density
2.3 Work, Energy, and Power	The Ramp Quantitative energy and work graphs and qualitative bar charts. Might be able to use to show work done equals change in gravitational potential energy
	Energy Skate Park Basics Similar to Energy Skate Park, but includes speed indicator. Limitations: no quantitative graphs (bar and pie only), friction coefficient adjustable only on student build screen, no adjustable PE reference line.
	Energy Skate Park Quantitative energy and time graph, energy and position graph; qualitative energy bar graphs, pie chart; variable friction and gravity, moveable PE reference line, mass, slow motion option, student builds ramp shapes.
	Energy Forms and Changes Qualitative introduction to conservation of energy principles.
2.4 Momentum and Impulse	Collision Lab Elastic and inelastic collisions in 1D and 2D; center of mass; velocity and momentum vectors; momentum, mass, velocity, time and kinetic energy values; path tracing in 2D; 2 or more balls.
3.2 Modelling a gas	Gas properties

	Gas, Heat, Thermodynamics
4.1 Oscillations	Periodic Motion, Simple Harmonic Motion, Conservation of Energy Masses and Springs Vary masses, spring constants, friction, gravity force; use ruler, stopwatch, for quantitative measurements. Qualitative energy bar charts.
4.2 Travelling waves	Wave on a String Waves, Frequency, Amplitude Sound Sound, Waves
4.4 - Wave behaviour	Bending light Snell's Law, Refraction, Reflection, Optics, Prisms, Lenses, Light Wave interference Interference, Double Slit, Diffraction Fourier: Making Waves Waves, Sines, Cosines
5.1 Electric Fields	Balloons and Static Electricity Static electricity, charges, forces, polarization, charging by friction, insulators, net charge. Conceptual. John Travoltage Charging by friction, discharge by contact, grounding, conductors. Conceptual. Charges and Fields Electric field, field plots, voltage, equipotential lines, charge units, tape measure. Quantitative. Electric Field Hockey Game with electric field plots and charges. Students love this one. Qualitative. Coulomb's law Electrostatics, Electric Force, Force, Pairs, Coulomb's Law Electric field of dreams Electricity, Electric Charges, Electric Field

5.2 Heating Effects of Electric Currents	Battery Resistor Circuit Resistor, Voltage, Batteries, Electrons Battery Voltage Voltage, Batteries, Electrons Circuit Construction Kit (DC Only) Virtual Lab Quantitative. Circuits, light bulbs, resistors, voltmeter, ammeter, switches, batteries, series and parallel. Ohm's Law Lab Quantitative. Voltage, Current, Resistance, Ohm's Law Resistance in a Wire
5.4 Magnetic effects of electric currents	Magnets and Electromagnets Magnetic Field, Magnets, Electromagnets Magnet and Compass Magnetic Field, Magnets, Compass
6.1 Circular Motion	Ladybug Revolution Quantitative angular and linear position, velocity, acceleration with time graphs and values for circular motion; can vary radius, radians and degrees, vectors are very small, may be hard to see.
6.2 Newton's law of gravitation	Gravity Force Lab Gravitational Force, Inverse Square Law, Force Pair
7.3 The Structure of Matter	Build an Atom Atoms, Atomic Structure, Isotope Symbols, Atomic Nuclei Rutherford Scattering Atomic Nuclei, Atomic Structure, Quantum Mechanics
8.1 Energy Sources	Energy Forms and Changes Conservation of Energy, Energy Systems, Energy Transfer
8.2 Thermal Energy Transfer	Blackbody Spectrum Blackbody, Sun, Light, Quantum Mechanics
9.1 Simple Harmonic Motion	Masses and Springs: Basics Periodic Motion, Hooke's Law, Conservation of Energy, Measurement Hooke's Law Springs, Force, Potential Energy

	Pendulum Lab Periodic Motion, Simple Harmonic Motion, Conservation of Energy
	Resonance Resonance, Harmonic Motion, Oscillator
10.2 Fields at Work	Gravity and Orbits Conceptual only, gravity force and velocity vectors for orbital motion. Vary initial velocity, mass of satellite, observe changes in orbit.
	My Solar System Motion, Acceleration, Velocity
11.1 Electromagnetic Induction	Generator Generator, Faraday's law, Magnetic Field
	<u>Faraday's Electromagnetic Lab</u> Electromagnetic induction, Faraday's law, transformer, generator. Semi-quantitative (field strength, loop area, number of loops)
11.3 Capacitance	Capacitor Lab - Basics Parallel Plate Capacitor, Capacitance, RC Circuit, Circuits
	Capacitor Lab Capacitor, Capacitance, Circuits
	Conductivity Conductivity, Energy Levels, Photoconductors
	Circuit Construction Kit (AC+DC) Virtual Lab Quantitative. Similar to CCK DC only, but includes capacitors, inductors, AC, I and V graphs.
12.1 Interaction of matter with radiation	Photoelectric Effect Light, Quantum Mechanics, Photons
	Models of the Hydrogen Atom Quantum Mechanics, Hydrogen Atom, Bohr Model
	Quantum Tunnelling and Wave Packets Quantum Particles, Tunneling
	Extra Colour Vision Photons, Monochromatic Light, White Light, Rainbows
	<u>Lasers</u> Laser, Photon Beams, Quantum Mechanics

	Microwaves Microwaves, Heat, Thermodynamics
	Molecules and Light Molecules, Photons, Absorption
	Optical Quantum Control Optics, Pulses
	Atomic Interactions Interaction Potential, Atomic Bonding, Van der Waals Force, Pauli Repulsion
	Electron Diffraction Electron Diffraction
12.2 Nuclear Physics	Alpha Decay Alpha decay, half life, radiation
	Beta decay Nuclear Decay, Beta Decay, Nuclear Physics
	Nuclear Fission Fission, Chain Reaction, Atomic Nuclei
	<u>Isotopes</u> Isotopes, Atomic Mass
	Radioactive Dating Game Radiometric Dating, Carbon Dating, Half Life
B.1 Rigid Bodies and rotational dynamics	Torque Torque (positive and negative), force, radius, braking force, mass, moment of inertia, angular acceleration, angular velocity, angular momentum. Velocity and acceleration vectors, degrees and radians, quantitative graphs.
	Balancing Act Balance masses at various positions on a beam. Pivot at center only. May cause a misconception that beams balance only horizontally.
B.3 Fluids and fluid dynamics	Fluid pressure and flow Pressure, Water, Fluids, Fluid Dynamics, Bernoulli Density
	<u>Under pressure</u> Pressure, Fluids, Density

